

# Shading Language in Android

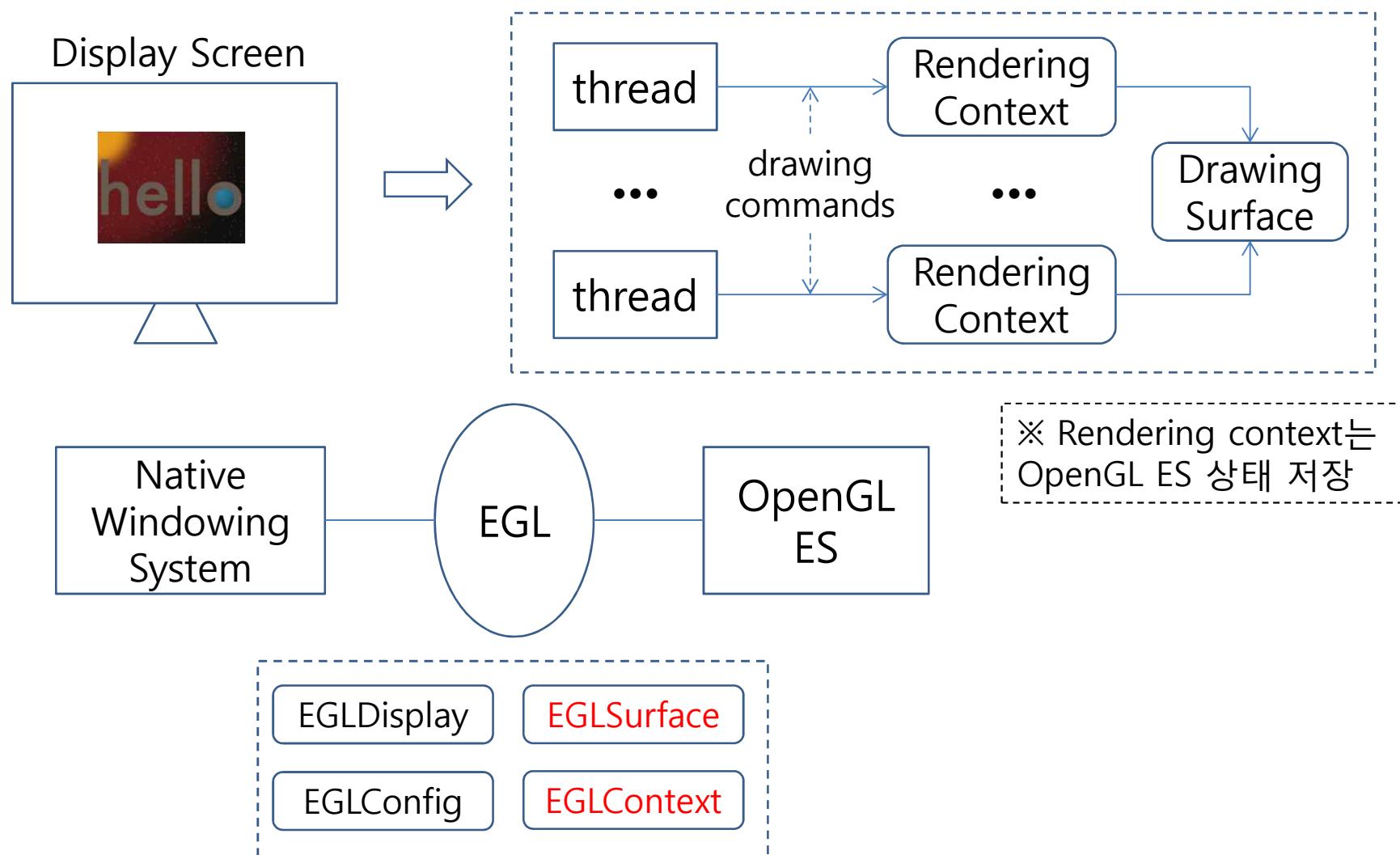
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# 순서

- OpenGL ES Shading Language and Shader
  - EGL & OpenGL ES 3.0 Graphics Pipeline
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  - Using Textures in a Shader
- Patterns of Shaders in Android
  - Simple Pattern in Screen Recorder Command
  - Extensible Pattern in Mobile Filter Framework
  - Flexible Pattern in SurfaceFlinger and HWUI

# EGL

## (Embedded-System Graphics Library)



# EGL Functions (1)

- Communicating with the Windowing System
  - Native windowing system과 OpenGL ES 응용과의 communication channel 생성
  - EGL 내부 자료 구조 초기화

```
EGLDisplay display = eglGetDisplay(EGL_DEFAULT_DISPLAY);

EGLint major, minor;
eglInitialize(display, &major, &minor);
```

- Determining the Available Surface Configurations
  - 모든 surface configuration을 가져와 응용이 surface 결정
    - eglGetConfigs(), eglGetConfigAttrib()
  - EGL system이 가장 적합한 surface configuration을 결정
    - eglChooseConfig()

```
const EGLint configAttrs[] =
{
    EGL_RENDER_TYPE, EGL_WINDOW_BIT,
    EGL_RED_SIZE, 8,
    EGL_GREEN_SIZE, 8,
    EGL_BLUE_SIZE, 8,
    EGL_DEPTH_SIZE, 24,
    EGL_NONE
};

EGLConfig config;
EGLint numConfigs;
eglChooseConfig(display, configAttrs, &config, 1, &numConfigs);
```

# EGL Functions (2)

- Creating an On-Screen Rendering Area: The EGL Window

```
EGLSurface window =
    eglCreateWindowSurface(display, config, nativeWindow, NULL);
```

- Creating an Off-Screen Rendering Area: EGL Pbuffers
  - pbuffer (short for pixel buffer) : nonvisible off-screen surfaces
  - eglCreatePbufferSurface()

- Creating a Rendering Context and Making an EGL Context Current

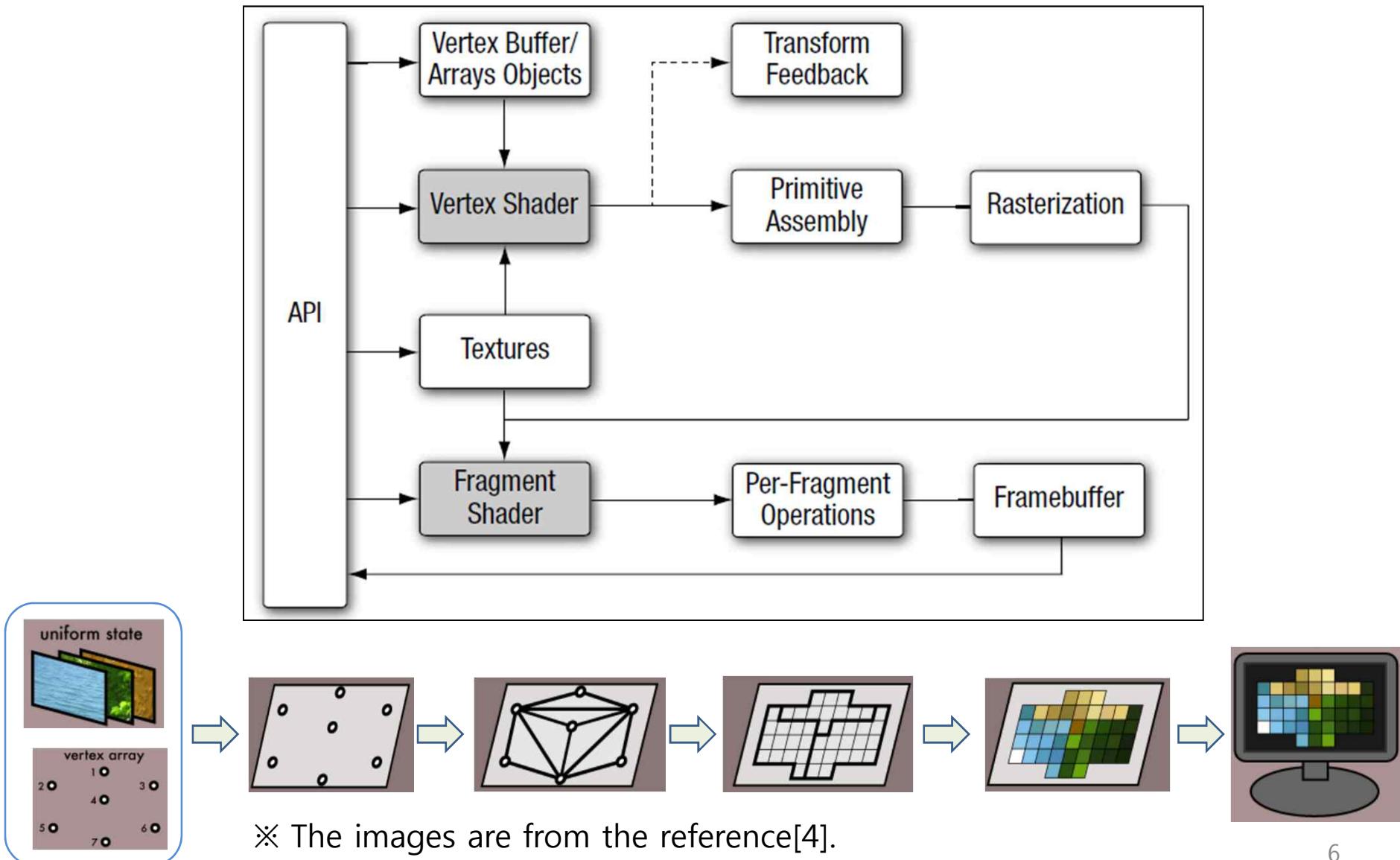
```
const EGLint contextAttrs[] =
{
    EGL_CONTEXT_CLIENT_VERSION, 3,
    EGL_NONE
};

EGLContext context =
    eglCreateContext(display, config, EGL_NO_CONTEXT, contextAttrs);

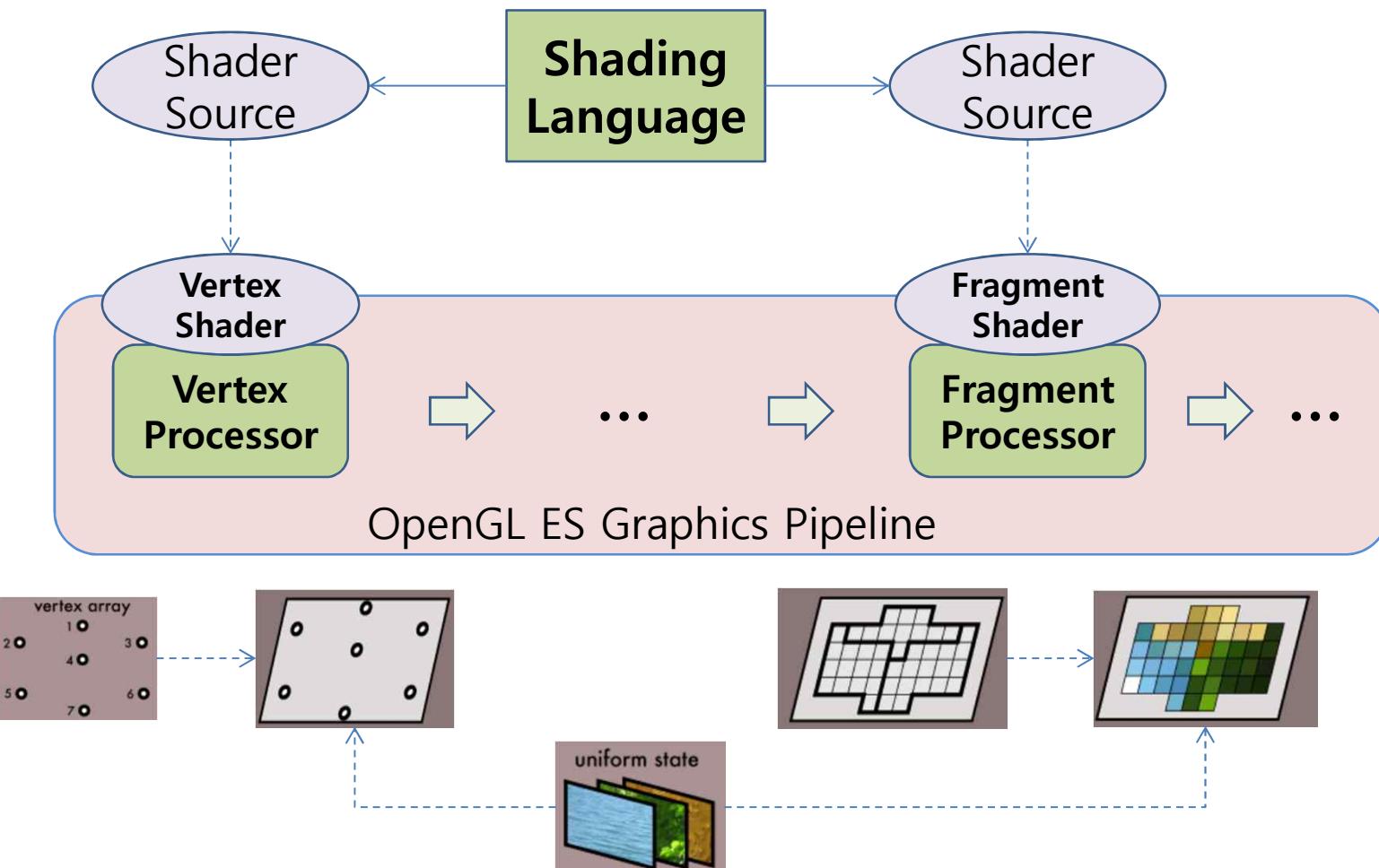
eglMakeCurrent(display, window, window, context);
```

- Displaying the Framebuffer on the Screen
  - eglSwapBuffers(display, surface)

# OpenGL ES 3.0 Graphics Pipeline (1)



# OpenGL ES 3.0 Graphics Pipeline (2)



# OpenGL ES Shading Language

- C-style's programming language to give data processing commands to OpenGL ES Pipeline
  - Similar to OpenGL Shading Language (GLSL)
  - Supported from OpenGL ES 2.0 (fixed-function pipeline is eliminated)
- Language Features
  - Data Values, Types, and Variables
  - Data Operations
  - Conditions and Loops, Functions
  - Preprocessor Directives & Macros
- Differences from C Language
  - No Pointer
  - Added Vector and Matrix
  - Interface to Shader

```
#version 300 es

uniform float timer;

layout(location = 0) in vec3 position;

out vec2 texcoord;
out float fade_factor;

void main()
{
    gl_Position = vec4(position, 1.0);
    texcoord = position.xy * vec2(0.5) + vec2(0.5);
    fade_factor = sin(timer) * 0.5 + 0.5;
}
```

< Vertex Shader Source >

# Data Values & Types

- **Scalars**
    - boolean (true, false) : `bool`
    - integer number : `int`, `uint`
    - floating-point number : `float`
  - **Vectors**
    - floating-point : `vec2`, `vec3`, `vec4`
    - integer : `ivec2`, `ivec3`, `ivec3`
    - boolean : `bvec2`, `bvec3`, `bvec4`
  - **Matrices** (element is a floating-point number) // column-major order
    - 2x2 matrix : `mat2`
    - 3x3 matrix : `mat3`
    - 4x4 matrix : `mat4`
    - $m \times n$  matrix ( $m$  : column,  $n$  : row) : `mat $m \times n$`
  - **Samplers** (handles for texture lookups) // function pointer
    - access a one-dimensional textures : `sampler1D`
    - access a two-dimensional textures : `sampler2D`
    - ...
- to access vector components

  - `x` : the first element
  - `y` : the second element
  - `z` : the third element
  - `w` : the fourth element
  - (ex) `v.x`, `v.xyzw`, `v.yw`
- ```
mat3 m;  
m[0] // the first column  
m[1] // the second column  
m[2] // the third column
```

# Data Values & Types, Variables (1)

- **Structures & Arrays**
  - similar to C, bit-fields are not supported
- **Declarations, Initializers, and Constructors**
  - similar to C++

```
vec3 v1;
v1 = vec3(1.0, 2.0, 3.0);
```

```
vec3 v2 = vec3(4.0, 5.0, 6.0);
v1[2] = v2[2];
```

```
vec3 v3 = vec3(7.0);
```

```
mat2 m1 = mat2(1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0);
mat2 m2 = mat2(v1.xy, v2.yz);
```

$$m1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 & 3.0 \\ 2.0 & 4.0 \end{bmatrix} \quad m2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 & 5.0 \\ 2.0 & 6.0 \end{bmatrix}$$

```
vec4 v4 = vec4(1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0);
v4.x // 1.0
v4.xy // (1.0, 2.0)
v4.wzxy // (4.0, 3.0, 1.0, 2.0)
v4.xx // (1.0, 1.0)
```

```
struct light {
    vec3 position;
    vec3 color;
} a;
light b;
```

```
vec4 points[];
points[2] = vec4(1.0);
points[7] = vec4(2.0);
```

```
float a[4] = float[4](1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
```

# Data Values & Types, Variables (2)

- Type Conversions

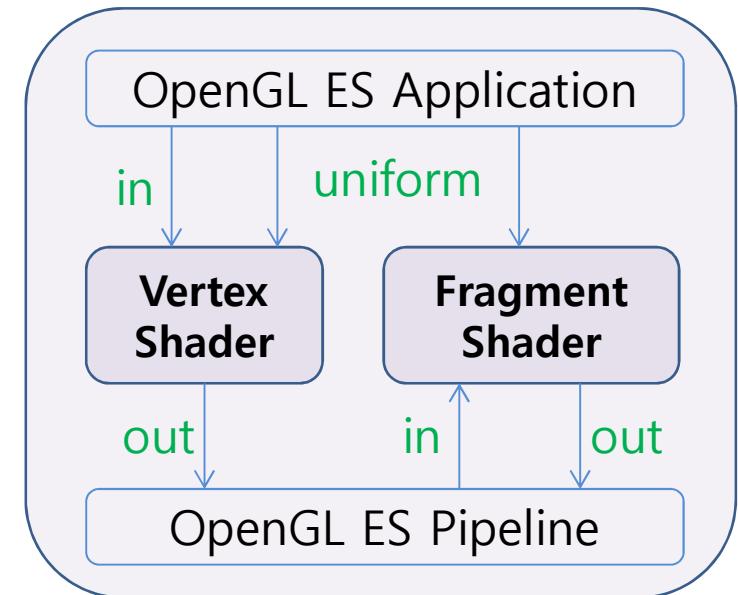
```
float f = 2.3;
bool b = bool(f);
```

```
bool b = true;
float f = float(3);
float g = float(b);
vec4 v = vec4(2);
```

- Qualifiers and Interface to a Shader

- uniform : 거의 변하지 않는 데이터, shader내에서 writing 안됨
- in, out : shader 마다 의미하는 바가 다름
- const : shader내에서 사용되는 상수 값

```
in float Temperature;
const int NumLights = 3;
uniform vec4 lpos[NumLights];
```



# Data Operations

| Operator    | Description                   |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| 0           | Parenthetical grouping        |
| []          | Index                         |
| 0           | Function call and constructor |
| .           | Member selection and swizzle  |
| ++ --       | Postfix increment/decrement   |
| ++--        | Prefix increment/decrement    |
| + - ~ !     | Unary                         |
| * / %       | Multiplicative                |
| + -         | Additive                      |
| <<>>        | Bit-wise shift                |
| < > <= >=   | Relational                    |
| == !=       | Equality                      |
| &           | Bit-wise and                  |
| ^           | Bit-wise exclusive or         |
|             | Bit-wise inclusive or         |
| &&          | Logical and                   |
| ^^          | Logical exclusive or          |
|             | Logical inclusive or          |
| ::          | Selection                     |
| =           | Assignment                    |
| += -= *= /= | Arithmetic assignment         |
| %=<<=>>=    |                               |
| &= ^=  =    |                               |
| ,           | Sequence                      |

※ The image is from the reference[2].

# Examples of Data Operations

```
vec4 v = vec4(1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0);
float f = v[2];
```

```
mat4 m = mat4(3.0);
vec4 v;
v = m[1]; // (0.0, 3.0, 0.0, 0.0)
```

```
vec3 v, u, w;
float f;
v = u + f; // v.x = u.x + f, ...
w = v + u; // w.x = v.x + u.x, ...
```

```
vec2 v, u;
mat2 m, n;
v * u;
v * m;
m * v;
m * n;
```

$v = (2.0, 3.0)$   
 $u = (4.0, 5.0)$   
 $m = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 & 3.0 \\ 2.0 & 4.0 \end{bmatrix}$

$m[0] = (1.0, 2.0)$   
 $m[1] = (3.0, 4.0)$

$n = \begin{bmatrix} 5.0 & 7.0 \\ 6.0 & 8.0 \end{bmatrix}$

$$v * u = (2.0 * 4.0, 3.0 * 5.0)$$

$$v * m = \begin{bmatrix} 2.0 * 1.0 + 3.0 * 2.0 \\ 2.0 * 3.0 + 3.0 * 4.0 \end{bmatrix}$$

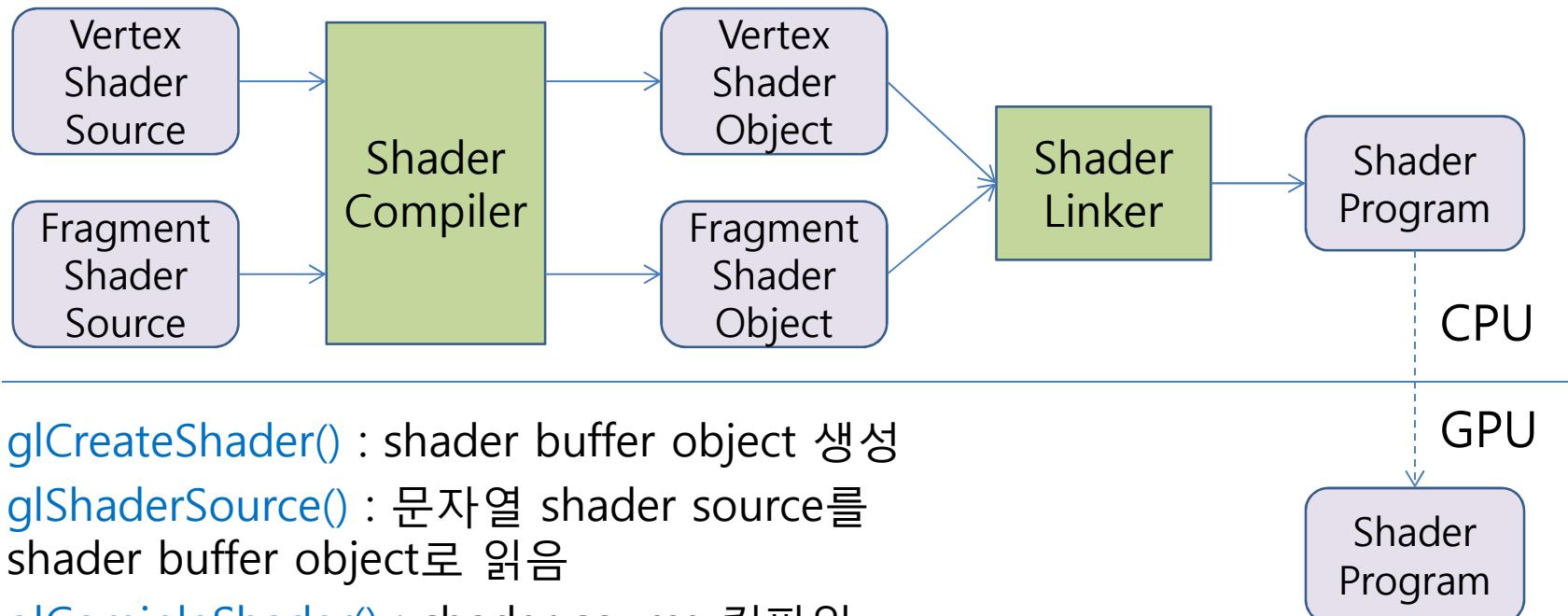
$$m * v = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 * 2.0 + 3.0 * 3.0 \\ 2.0 * 2.0 + 4.0 * 3.0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$m * n = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 * 5.0 + 3.0 * 6.0 & 1.0 * 7.0 + 3.0 * 8.0 \\ 2.0 * 5.0 + 4.0 * 6.0 & 2.0 * 7.0 + 4.0 * 8.0 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Conditions and Loops, Functions

- Conditions (similar to C++)
  - if, if-else, ?:
  - a variable cannot be declared in the if statement
  - discard : prevents a fragment from updating the framebuffer
- Loops (similar to C++)
  - for, while, do-while
  - break, continue
- Functions (similar to C++)
  - main function
  - qualifiers for formal parameters
    - in : copy in but don't copy back out
    - out : only copy out
    - inout : copy in and copy out
    - const : no writable
  - built-in functions : sin(), cos(), ...

# Compiling and Linking Shader Source (in Runtime)



- `glCreateShader()` : shader buffer object 생성
- `glShaderSource()` : 문자열 shader source를 shader buffer object로 읽음
- `glCompileShader()` : shader source 컴파일
- `glGetShaderiv()` : 컴파일 결과 확인
- `glCreateProgram()` : shader program object 생성
- `glAttachShader()` : shader buffer object를 shader program object에 연결
- `glLinkProgram()` : 연결된 shader object들을 링킹하여 shader program 생성
- `glGetProgramiv()` : 링킹 결과 확인
- `glUseProgram()` : shader program을 GPU에 보내 pipeline에서 사용되도록 함

# Example of Compiling and Linking

```
void make_shaders()
{
    v_shader = make_shader(GL_VERTEX_SHADER);
    f_shader = make_shader(GL_FRAGMENT_SHADER);

    program = make_program(v_shader, f_shader);

    glUseProgram(program);
}

GLuint make_shader(GLenum type, const char *filename)
{
    GLint length;
    GLchar *source = file_contents(filename);
    GLuint shader;
    GLint shader_ok;

    if (!source)
        return 0;

    shader = glCreateShader(type);
    glShaderSource(shader, 1, (const GLchar**)&source, &length);
    free(source);
    glCompileShader(shader);

    glGetShaderiv(shader, GL_COMPILE_STATUS, &shader_ok);
    if (!shader_ok) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Failed to compile %s:\n", filename);
        glDeleteShader(shader);
        return 0;
    }
    return shader;
}

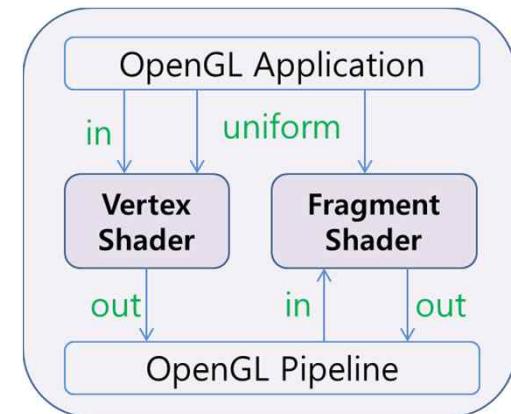
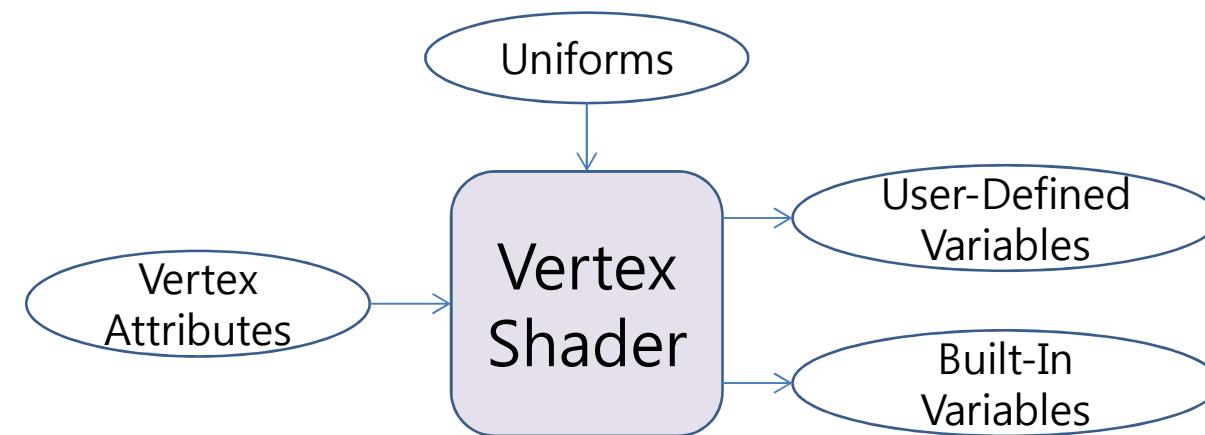
GLuint make_program(GLuint vertex_shader, GLuint fragment_shader)
{
    GLint program_ok;

    GLuint program = glCreateProgram();

    glAttachShader(program, vertex_shader);
    glAttachShader(program, fragment_shader);
    glLinkProgram(program);

    glGetProgramiv(program, GL_LINK_STATUS, &program_ok);
    if (!program_ok) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Failed to link shader program:\n");
        glDeleteProgram(program);
        return 0;
    }
    return program;
}
```

# Vertex Shader



```

GLfloat vertices[][3] = {
    { 0.0,  0.0,  0.0 },
    { 1.0,  0.0,  0.0 },
    { 1.0, -1.0,  0.0 },
    { 0.0, -1.0,  0.0 },
};

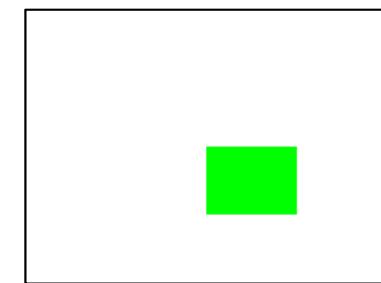
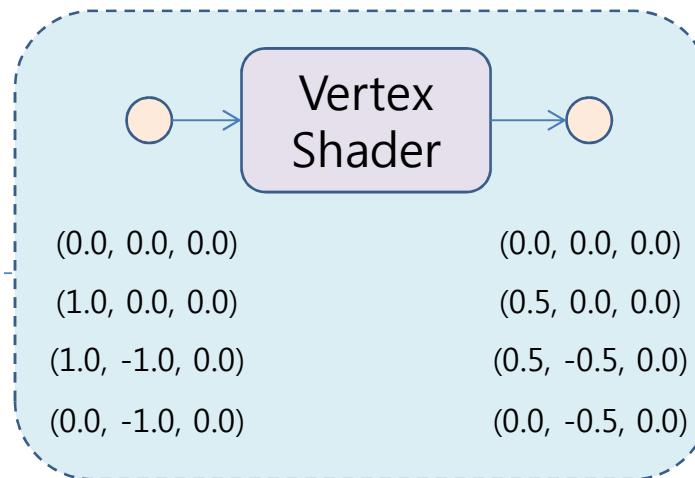
}
  
```

```

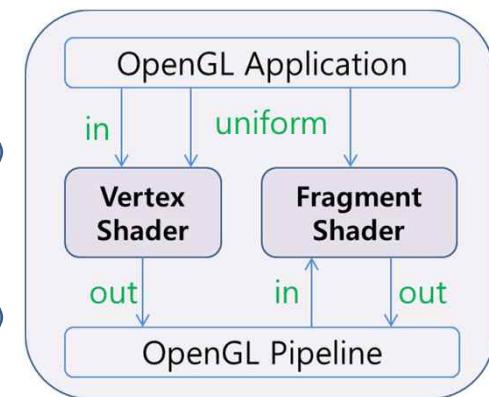
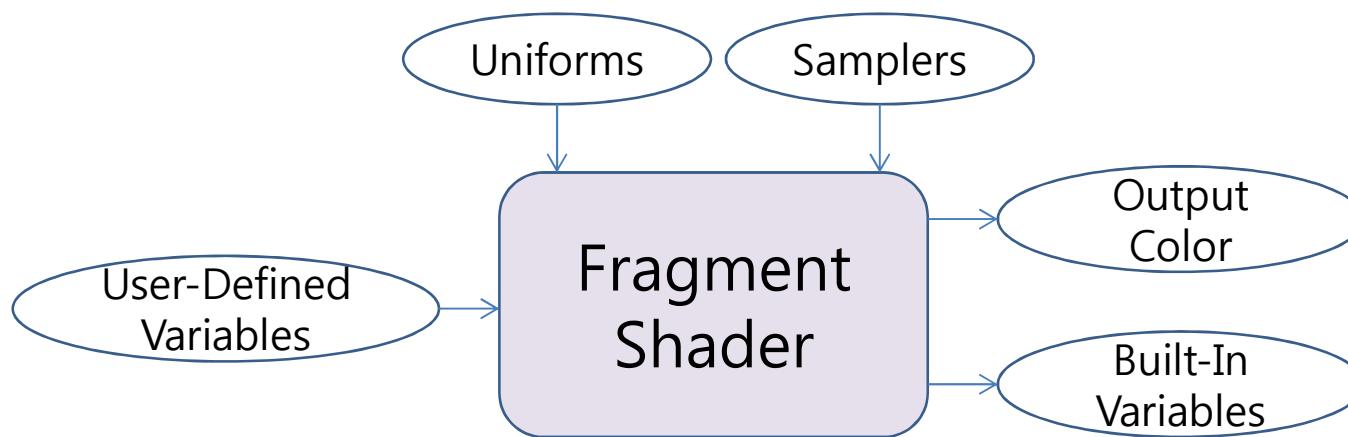
#version 300 es

layout(location = 0)
in vec3 position;

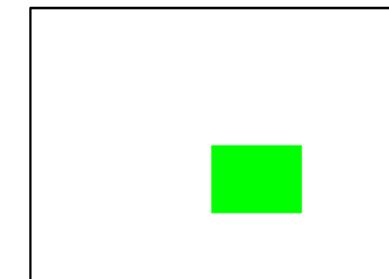
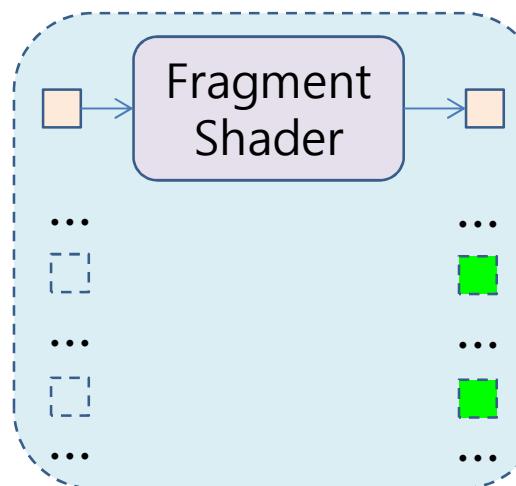
void main()
{
    gl_Position = vec4(position.x*0.5, position.y*0.5, position.z, 1.0);
}
  
```



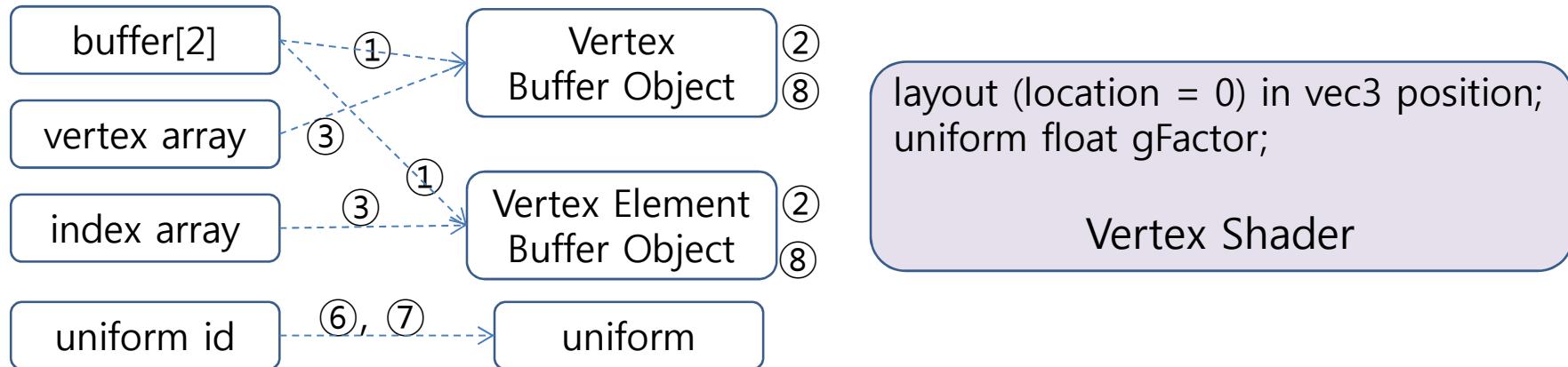
# Fragment Shader



```
out vec4 FragColor;  
  
void main()  
{  
    FragColor =  
        vec4(0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 1.0);  
}
```

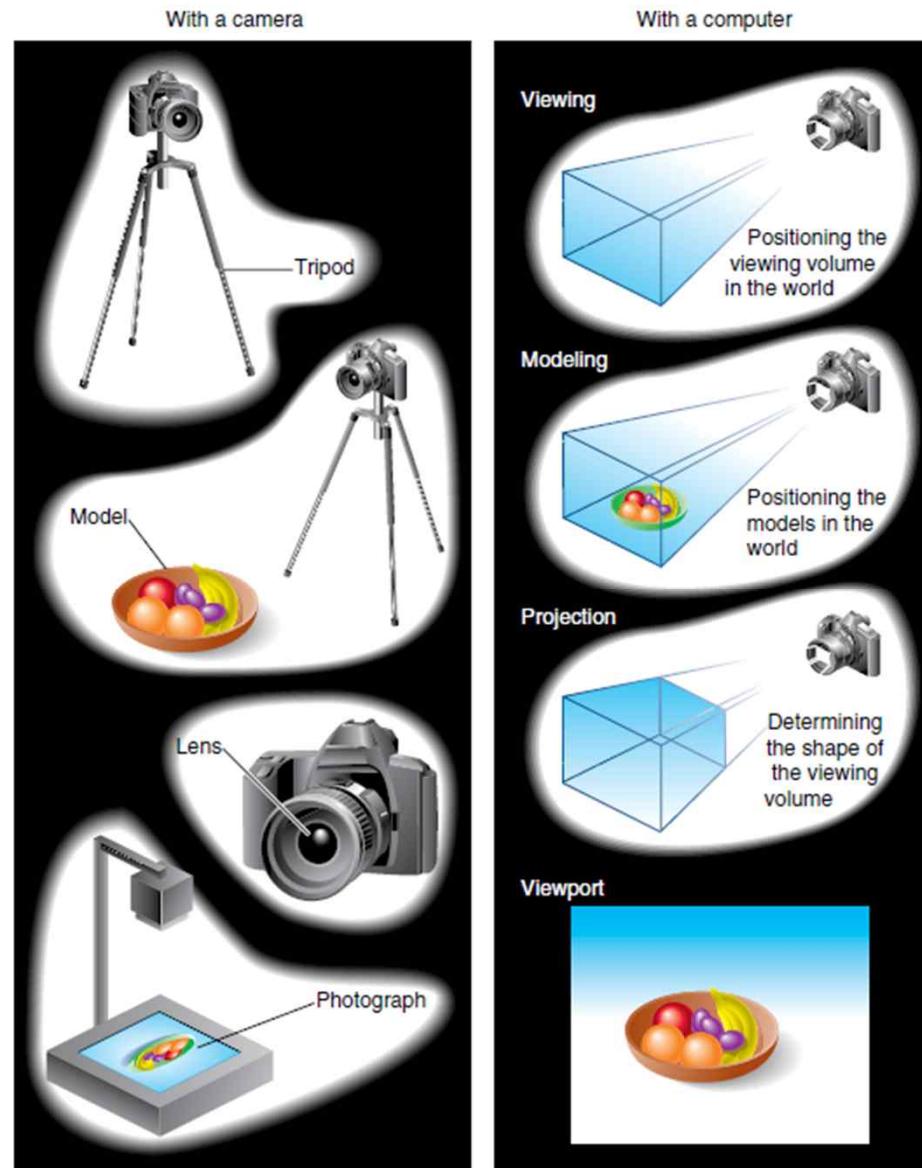


# Vertex Arrays, Buffer Objects, and Vertex Attributes



- ① `glGenBuffers()` : buffer object를 생성
- ② `glBindBuffer()` : buffer object 타입 결정 (array\_buffer, element\_array\_buffer, ...)
- ③ `glBufferData()` : array data를 buffer object로 복사
- ④ `glDrawArrays()` : buffer object의 vertex array data에 대하여 rendering
- ⑤ `glDrawElements()` : vertex element array가 가리키는 data에 대하여 rendering
- ⑥ `glGetUniformLocation()` : shader program의 uniform 변수 위치 가져옴
- ⑦ `glUniform1f()` : shader program의 uniform 변수에 값을 할당
- ⑧ `glVertexAttribPointer()` : vertex attribute와 관련된 vertex buffer object 연결
- ⑨  `glEnableVertexAttribArray()` : vertex attribute 사용
- ⑩  `glDisableVertexAttribArray()` : vertex attribute 사용하지 않음

# Viewing, Modeling, and Projection



※ The image is from the reference[1].

# Drawing a Cube (1)

```
// [0] : array buffer, [1] : element buffer
GLuint buffers[NUM_BUFFERS];

GLint uniform_mvp;

glm::mat4 MVP;

GLfloat vertices[][3] = {
    {-1.0, -1.0, -1.0},
    { 1.0, -1.0, -1.0},
    { 1.0,  1.0, -1.0},
    {-1.0,  1.0, -1.0},
    {-1.0, -1.0,  1.0},
    { 1.0, -1.0,  1.0},
    { 1.0,  1.0,  1.0},
    {-1.0,  1.0,  1.0}
};

GLubyte indices[] = {
    0, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 0,
    2, 3, 3, 7, 7, 6, 6, 2,
    4, 5, 5, 6, 6, 7, 7, 4,
    0, 1, 1, 5, 5, 4, 4, 0,
    1, 2, 2, 6, 6, 5, 5, 1,
    0, 3, 3, 7, 7, 4, 4, 0
};
```

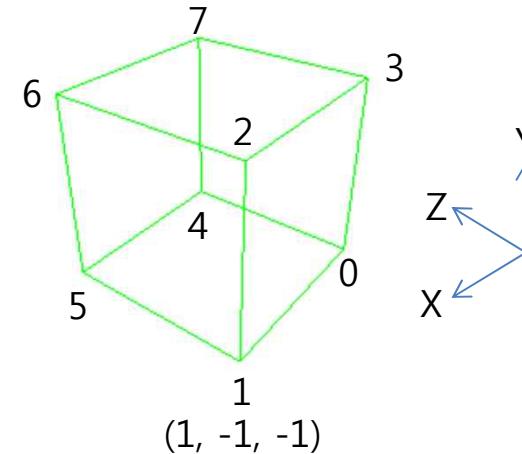
```
void make_mvp()
{
    glm::mat4 Projection =
        glm::perspective(45.0f, 4.0f / 3.0f, 0.1f, 100.0f);

    glm::mat4 View =
        glm::lookAt(glm::vec3(4, 3, -3),
                   glm::vec3(0, 0, 0),
                   glm::vec3(0, 1, 0));

    glm::mat4 Model = glm::mat4(1.0);

    MVP = Projection * View * Model;

    uniform_mvp = glGetUniformLocation(program, "MVP");
}
```



< OpenGL ES Application >

# Drawing a Cube (2)

```
void render(ESContext *esContext)
{
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);

    glUniformMatrix4fv(uniform_mvp, 1, GL_FALSE, &MVP[0][0]);

    glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, buffers[0]);

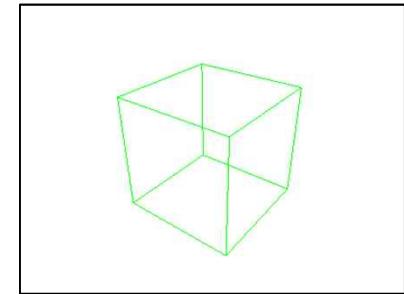
    glVertexAttribPointer(0, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, sizeof(GLfloat)*3, 0);

    glEnableVertexAttribArray(0);

    glBindBuffer(GL_ELEMENT_ARRAY_BUFFER, buffers[1]);

    glDrawElements(GL_LINES, 48, GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE, (GLvoid*)0);
}
```

< OpenGL ES Application >



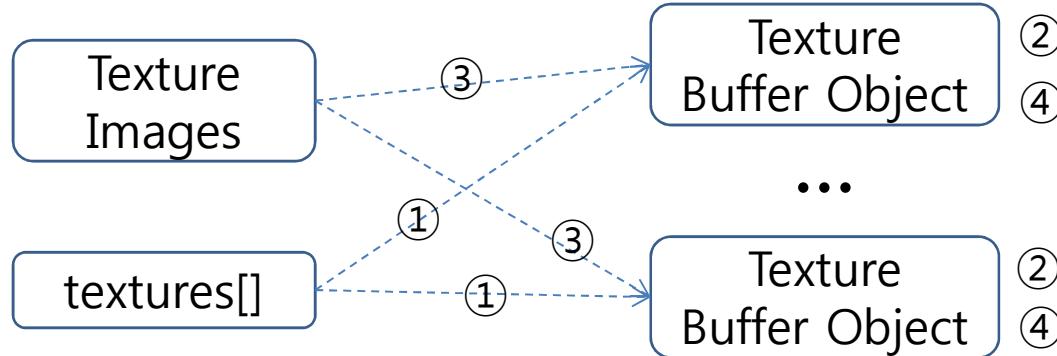
```
layout(location = 0) in vec3 position;

uniform mat4 MVP;

void main()
{
    gl_Position = MVP * vec4(position, 1.0);
}
```

< Vertex Shader >

# Using Textures in a Shader



- ① `glGenTextures()` : texture buffer object들 생성
- ② `glBindTexture()` : texture buffer object 타입 결정 (2D, 3D, ...)
- ③ `glTexImage2D()` : 2D 이미지를 texture buffer object로 로딩
- ④ `glTexParameter()` : texture의 filtering mode 설정
- ⑤ `glActiveTexture()` : 현재의 texture unit 설정 (0, 1, ...), 다음에 `glBindTexture()` 를 호출하여 해당 texture unit의 buffer object binding
- ⑥ `texture()` : fragment shader에서 사용되는 함수로 해당 fragment의 texture data (color 값) 가져옴

# Fading a Textured Image (1)



```

GLuint make_texture(const char *filename)
{
    int width, height;
    void *pixels = read_tga(filename, &width, &height);
    GLuint texture;

    glGenTextures(1, &texture);
    glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, texture);

    glTexImage2D
    (
        GL_TEXTURE_2D, 0, /* target, level */
        GL_RGB8, /* internal format */
        width, height, 0, /* width, height, border */
        GL_RGB, GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE,
        pixels /* external format, type
                  * pixels */
    );

    glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_MIN_FILTER, GL_LINEAR);
    glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_MAG_FILTER, GL_LINEAR);
    glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_WRAP_S,
    glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_WRAP_T, GL_CLAMP_TO_EDGE);

    free(pixels);
    return texture;
}

```

```

// [0] : array buffer, [1] : element buffer
GLuint buffers[NUM_BUFFERS];

GLfloat timer = 0.0;
GLint uniform_timer;

GLuint textures[2];

GLint uniform_textures[2];

GLfloat vertices[][4] = {
    { -1.0, -1.0, 0.0, 1.0},
    { 1.0, -1.0, 0.0, 1.0},
    { 1.0, 1.0, 0.0, 1.0},
    { -1.0, 1.0, 0.0, 1.0}
};

GLubyte indices[4] = { 0, 1, 2, 3 };

```

&lt; OpenGL ES Application &gt;

# Fading a Textured Image (2)

```

void makeTextures()
{
    textures[0] = make_texture("hello1.tga");
    textures[1] = make_texture("hello2.tga");

    uniform_textures[0] =
        glGetUniformLocation(program, "textures[0]");
    uniform_textures[1] =
        glGetUniformLocation(program, "textures[1]");

    uniform_timer = glGetUniformLocation(program, "timer");
}

void render(ESContext *esContext)
{
    ...

    glUniform1f(uniform_timer*0.0001, timer);

    glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE0);
    glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, textures[0]);
    glUniform1i(uniform_textures[0], 0);

    glActiveTexture(GL_TEXTURE1);
    glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, textures[1]);
    glUniform1i(uniform_textures[1], 1);

    ...
    glDrawElements(GL_POLYGON, 4, GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE,
}

```

&lt; OpenGL ES Application &gt;

```

uniform sampler2D textures[2];

in float fade_factor;
in vec2 texcoord;

out vec4 FragColor;

void main()
{
    FragColor = mix(
        texture(textures[0], texcoord),
        texture(textures[1], texcoord),
        fade_factor
    );
}                                ※ mix(x, y, a) : x*(1.0-a) + y*a

```

&lt; Fragment Shader &gt;

```

uniform float timer;

layout(location = 0) in vec3 position;

out vec2 texcoord;
out float fade_factor;

void main()
{
    gl_Position = vec4(position, 1.0);
    texcoord = position.xy * vec2(0.5) + vec2(0.5);
    fade_factor = sin(timer) * 0.5 + 0.5;
}

```

&lt; Vertex Shader &gt;

# 순서

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  - EGL & OpenGL ES 3.0 Graphics Pipeline
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  - Fragment Shader
  - Using Textures in a Shader
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# Simple Pattern in Screen Recorder Command

`frameworks/av/cmds/screenrecord/Program.cpp`

```

// Simple vertex shader. Texture coord calc includes matrix for
// GLConsumer transform.
static const char* kVertexShader =
    "uniform mat4 uMVPMatrix;\n"
    "uniform mat4 uGLCMatrix;\n"
    "attribute vec4 aPosition;\n"
    "attribute vec4 aTextureCoord;\n"
    "varying vec2 vTextureCoord;\n"
    "void main() {\n"
        "    gl_Position = uMVPMatrix * aPosition;\n"
        "    vTextureCoord = (uGLCMatrix * aTextureCoord).xy;\n"
    "}\n";

// Trivial fragment shader for mundane texture.
static const char* kFragmentShader =
    "precision mediump float;\n"
    "varying vec2 vTextureCoord;\n"
    "uniform sampler2D uTexture;\n"
    "void main() {\n"
        "    gl_FragColor = texture2D(uTexture, vTextureCoord);\n"
        // "    gl_FragColor = vec4(0.2, 1.0, 0.2, 1.0);\n"
    }\n";

// Trivial fragment shader for external texture.
static const char* kExtFragmentShader =
    "#extension GL_OES_EGL_image_external : require\n"
    "precision mediump float;\n"
    "varying vec2 vTextureCoord;\n"
    "uniform samplerExternalOES uTexture;\n"
    "void main() {\n"
        "    gl_FragColor = texture2D(uTexture, vTextureCoord);\n"
    }\n";

```

```

status_t Program::setup(ProgramType type) {
    ALOGV("Program::setup type=%d", type);
    status_t err;

    mProgramType = type;

    GLuint program;
    if (type == PROGRAM_TEXTURE_2D) {
        err = createProgram(&program, kVertexShader, kFragmentShader);
    } else {
        err = createProgram(&program, kVertexShader, kExtFragmentShader);
    }
    if (err != NO_ERROR) {
        return err;
    }
    assert(program != 0);
    ...
}

```

# Extensible Pattern in Mobile Filter Framework (1)

**frameworks/base/media/mca/filterfw/java/android/filterfw/core/ShaderProgram.java**

```
public ShaderProgram(FilterContext context, String fragmentShader) {
    mGLEnvironment = getGLEnvironment(context);
    allocate(mGLEnvironment, null, fragmentShader);
    if (!compileAndLink()) {
        throw new RuntimeException("Could not compile and link shader!");
    }
    this.setTimer();
}

public ShaderProgram(FilterContext context, String vertexShader, String fragmentShader) {
    mGLEnvironment = getGLEnvironment(context);
    allocate(mGLEnvironment, vertexShader, fragmentShader);
    if (!compileAndLink()) {
        throw new RuntimeException("Could not compile and link shader!");
    }
    this.setTimer();
}
```

**frameworks/base/media/mca/filterfw/jni/jni\_shader\_program.cpp**

```
jboolean Java_android_filterfw_core_ShaderProgram_allocate(JNIEnv* env,
    jobject thiz,
    jobject gl_env,
    jstring vertex_shader,
    jstring fragment_shader) {
    ...
    // Create the shader
    if (!fragment_shader || !gl_env_ptr)
        return false;
    else if (!vertex_shader)
        return ToJBool(WrapObjectInJava(new ShaderProgram(
            gl_env_ptr,
            ToCppString(env, fragment_shader),
            env, thiz, true)));
    else
        return ToJBool(WrapObjectInJava(new ShaderProgram(
            gl_env_ptr,
            ToCppString(env, vertex_shader),
            ToCppString(env, fragment_shader)),
            env, thiz, true));
}
```

**frameworks/base/media/mca/filterfw/native/core/shader\_program.h**

```
class ShaderProgram {
public:
    explicit ShaderProgram(GLEnv* gl_env,
                           const std::string& fragment_shader);
    ShaderProgram(GLEnv* gl_env,
                   const std::string& vertex_shader,
                   const std::string& fragment_shader);
    bool CompileAndLink();

    // The shader source code
    std::string fragment_shader_source_;
    std::string vertex_shader_source_;
    // The compiled shaders and linked program
    GLuint fragment_shader_;
    GLuint vertex_shader_;
    GLuint program_;
    ...
}
```

# Extensible Pattern in Mobile Filter Framework (2)

```

public class AlphaBlendFilter extends ImageCombineFilter {
    private final String mAlphaBlendShader =
        "precision mediump float;\n" +
        "uniform sampler2D tex_sampler_0;\n" +
        "uniform sampler2D tex_sampler_1;\n" +
        "uniform sampler2D tex_sampler_2;\n" +
        "uniform float weight;\n" +
        "varying vec2 v_texcoord;\n" +
        "void main() {\n" +
        "    vec4 colorL = texture2D(tex_sampler_0, v_texcoord);\n" +
        "    vec4 colorR = texture2D(tex_sampler_1, v_texcoord);\n" +
        "    float blend = texture2D(tex_sampler_2, v_texcoord).r * weight;\n" +
        "    gl_FragColor = colorL * (1.0 - blend) + colorR * blend;\n" +
    "}\n";
}

public AlphaBlendFilter(String name) {
    super(name, new String[] { "source", "overlay", "mask" }, "blended", "weight");
}

@Override protected Program getNativeProgram(FilterContext context) {
    throw new RuntimeException("TODO: Write native implementation for AlphaBlend!");
}

@Override protected Program getShaderProgram(FilterContext context) {
    return new ShaderProgram(context, mAlphaBlendShader);
}

}

```

**android.filterpacks.imageproc.AlphaBlendFilter**

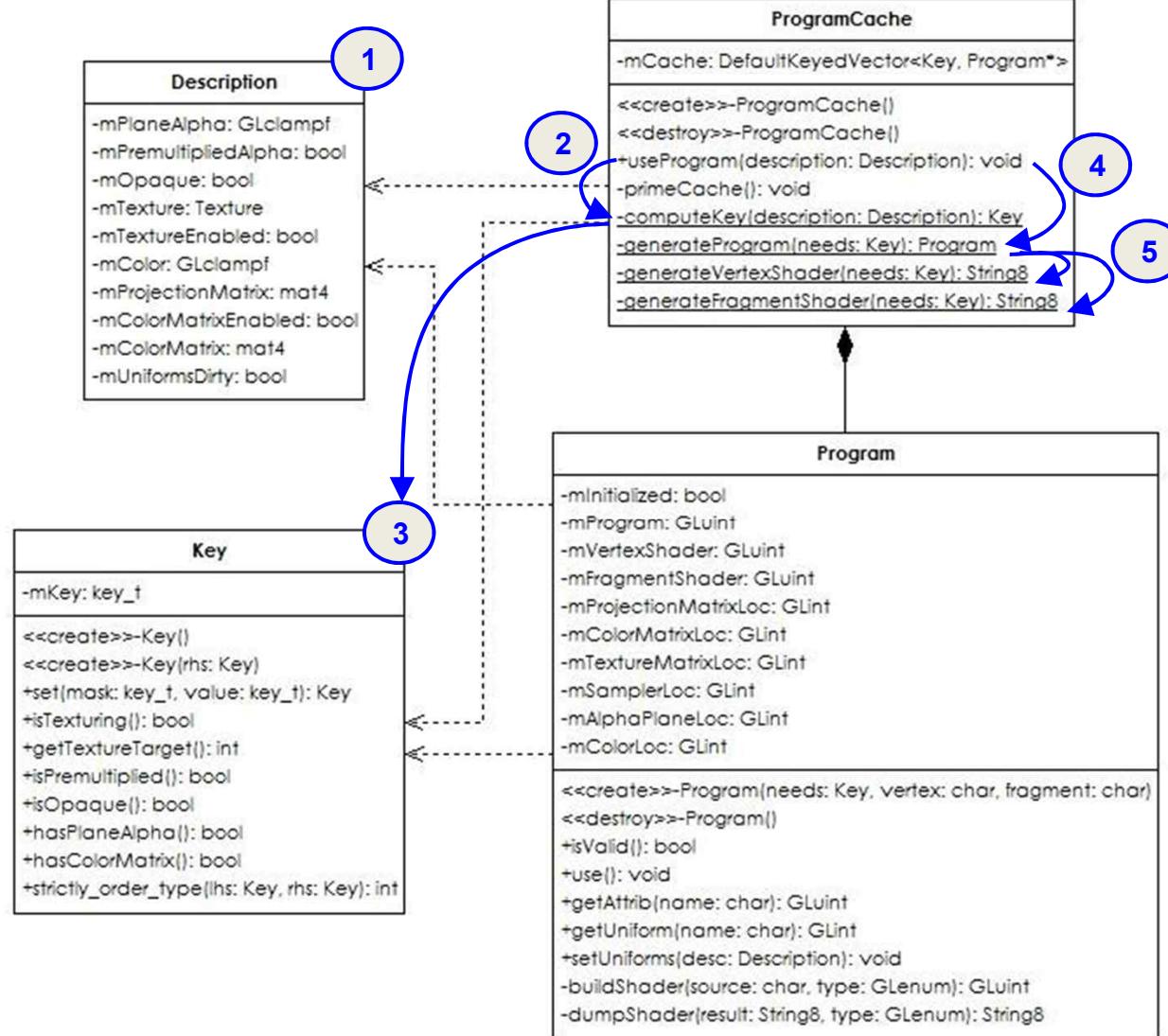
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.AutoFixFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.BitmapOverlayFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.BlackWhiteFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.BlendFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.BrightnessFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.ColorTemperatureFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.ContrastFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.CropFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.CropRectFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.CrossProcessFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.DocumentaryFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.DrawOverlayFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.DrawRectFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.DuotoneFilter

- android.filterpacks.imageproc.FillLightFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.FisheyeFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.FixedRotationFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.FlipFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.GrainFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.ImageSlicer
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.ImageStitcher
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.Invert
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.LomoishFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.NegativeFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.PosterizeFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.RedEyeFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.ResizeFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.RotateFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.SaturateFilter

- android.filterpacks.imageproc.SepiaFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.SharpenFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.StraightenFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.TintFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.ToGrayFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.ToPackedGrayFilter
- android.filterpacks.imageproc.VignetteFilter
- android.filterpacks.ui.SurfaceRenderFilter
- android.filterpacks.ui.SurfaceTargetFilter
- android.filterpacks.videoproc.BackDropperFilter
- android.filterpacks.videosink.MediaEncoderFilter
- android.filterpacks.videosrc.CameraSource
- android.filterpacks.videosrc.MediaSource
- android.filterpacks.videosrc.SurfaceTextureSource
- android.filterpacks.videosrc.SurfaceTextureTarget

# Flexible Pattern in SurfaceFlinger (1)

```
void GLES20RenderEngine::drawMesh(const Mesh& mesh) {
    ProgramCache::getInstance().useProgram(mState);
    ...
}
```



# Flexible Pattern in SurfaceFlinger (2)

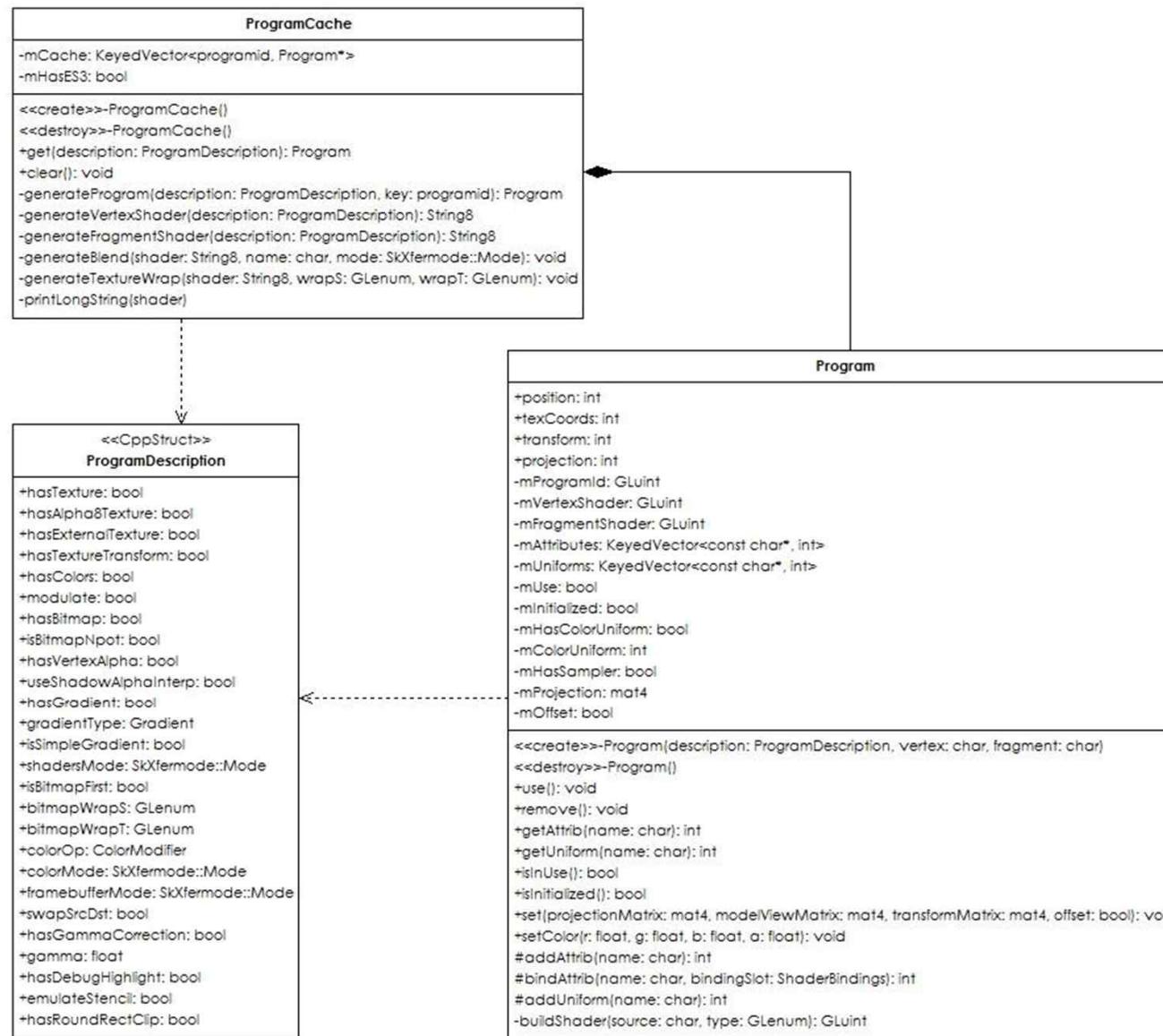
```
String8 ProgramCache::generateVertexShader(const Key& needs) {
    Formatter vs;
    if (needs.isTexturing()) {
        vs << "attribute vec4 texCoords;" 
        << "varying vec2 outTexCoords;";
    }
    vs << "attribute vec4 position;" 
    << "uniform mat4 projection;" 
    << "uniform mat4 texture;" 
    << "void main(void) {" << indent
    << "gl_Position = projection * position;" ;
    if (needs.isTexturing()) {
        vs << "outTexCoords = (texture * texCoords).st;" ;
    }
    vs << dedent << "}";
    return vs.getString();
}
```

```
String8 ProgramCache::generateFragmentShader(const Key& needs) {
    Formatter fs;
    if (needs.getTextureTarget() == Key::TEXTURE_EXT) {
        fs << "#extension GL_OES_EGL_image_external : require";
    }

    // default precision is required-ish in fragment shaders
    fs << "precision mediump float;";

    if (needs.getTextureTarget() == Key::TEXTURE_EXT) {
        fs << "uniform samplerExternalOES sampler;" 
        << "varying vec2 outTexCoords;" ;
    } else if (needs.getTextureTarget() == Key::TEXTURE_2D) {
        fs << "uniform sampler2D sampler;" 
        << "varying vec2 outTexCoords;" ;
    } else if (needs.getTextureTarget() == Key::TEXTURE_OFF) {
        fs << "uniform vec4 color;" ;
    }
    if (needs.hasPlaneAlpha()) {
        fs << "uniform float alphaPlane;" ;
    }
    if (needs.hasColorMatrix()) {
        fs << "uniform mat4 colorMatrix;" ;
    }
    fs << "void main(void) {" << indent;
    if (needs.isTexturing()) {
        ...
        fs << dedent << "}";
        return fs.getString();
    }
}
```

# Flexible Pattern in HWUI (1)



# Flexible Pattern in HWUI (2)

```

String8 ProgramCache::generateVertexShader(const ProgramDescription& description) {
    // Add attributes
    String8 shader(gVS_Header_Attributes);
    if (description.hasTexture || description.hasExternalTexture) {
        shader.append(gVS_Header_Attributes_TexCoords);
    }
    if (description.hasVertexAlpha) {
        shader.append(gVS_Header_Attributes_VertexAlphaParameters);
    }
    if (description.hasColors) {
        shader.append(gVS_Header_Attributes_Colors);
    }
    ...
    shader.append(gVS_Footer);

    PROGRAM_LOGD("/** Generated vertex shader:\n\n%s", shader.string());

    return shader;
}

// Vertex shaders snippets
const char* gVS_Header_Attributes =
    "attribute vec4 position;\n";
const char* gVS_Header_Attributes_TexCoords =
    "attribute vec2 texCoords;\n";
const char* gVS_Header_Attributes_Colors =
    "attribute vec4 colors;\n";
const char* gVS_Header_Attributes_VertexAlphaParameters =
    "attribute float vtxAlpha;\n";
const char* gVS_Header_Uniforms_TextureTransform =
    "uniform mat4 mainTextureTransform;\n";
...
// Fragment shaders snippets
const char* gFS_Header_Extension_FramebufferFetch =
    "#extension GL_NV_shader_framebuffer_fetch : enable\n\n";
const char* gFS_Header_Extension_ExternalTexture =
    "#extension GL_OES_EGL_image_external : require\n\n";
const char* gFS_Header =
    "precision mediump float;\n";
const char* gFS_Uniforms_Color =
    "uniform vec4 color;\n";
...

```

```

String8 ProgramCache::generateFragmentShader(const ProgramDescription& description) {
    String8 shader;

    const bool blendFramebuffer = description.framebufferMode >= SkXfermode::kPlus_Mode;
    if (blendFramebuffer) {
        shader.append(gFS_Header_Extension_FramebufferFetch);
    }
    if (description.hasExternalTexture) {
        shader.append(gFS_Header_Extension_ExternalTexture);
    }
    ...
    shader.append(gFS_Footer);

#if DEBUG_PROGRAMS
    PROGRAM_LOGD("/** Generated fragment shader:\n\n");
    printLongString(shader);
#endif

    return shader;
}

```

# Flexible Pattern in HWUI (3)

```

status_t OpenGLRenderer::drawVertexBuffer(float translateX, float translateY,
    const VertexBuffer& vertexBuffer, const SkPaint* paint, int displayFlags) {
    ...
    setupDraw();
    setupDrawNoTexture();
    if (isAA) setupDrawVertexAlpha((displayFlags & kVertexBuffer_ShadowInterp));
    setupDrawColor(color, ((color >> 24) & 0xFF) * mSnapshot->alpha);
setupDrawColorFilter(getColorFilter(paint));
    setupDrawShader(getShader(paint));
    setupDrawBlending(paint, isAA);
    setupDrawProgram();
    setupDrawModelView(kModelViewMode_Translate, (displayFlags & kVertexBuffer_Offset),
        translateX, translateY, 0, 0);
    setupDrawColorUniforms(getShader(paint));
setupDrawColorFilterUniforms(getColorFilter(paint));
setupDrawShaderUniforms(getShader(paint));
    ...
}

void OpenGLRenderer::setupDrawColorFilter(const SkColorFilter* filter) {
    ...
    SkXfermode::Mode mode;
    if (filter->asColorMode(NULL, &mode)) {
        mDescription.colorOp = ProgramDescription::kColorBlend;
        mDescription.colorMode = mode;
    } else if (filter->asColorMatrix(NULL)) {
        mDescription.colorOp = ProgramDescription::kColorMatrix;
    }
}

void OpenGLRenderer::setupDrawColorFilterUniforms(const SkColorFilter* filter) {
    SkColor color;
    SkXfermode::Mode mode;
    if (filter->asColorMode(&color, &mode)) {
        glUniform4f(mCaches.currentProgram->getUniform("colorBlend"), r, g, b, a);
        return;
    }
    SkScalar srcColorMatrix[20];
    if (filter->asColorMatrix(srcColorMatrix)) {
        glUniformMatrix4fv(mCaches.currentProgram->getUniform("colorMatrix"), 1,
            GL_FALSE, colorMatrix);
        glUniform4fv(mCaches.currentProgram->getUniform("colorMatrixVector"), 1, colorVector);
        return;
    }
}

```

The diagram illustrates the flow of control from the `drawVertexBuffer` method to two helper methods. A red curved arrow originates from the `setupDrawColorFilter` call in the `drawVertexBuffer` method and points to the `setupDrawColorFilter` method. Another blue curved arrow originates from the `setupDrawColorFilterUniforms` call in the `drawVertexBuffer` method and points to the `setupDrawColorFilterUniforms` method.

# References

1. OpenGL Programming Guide (7e) // OpenGL version 3.0 and 3.1
2. OpenGL Shading Language (3e) // GLSL 1.4
3. OpenGL ES 3.0 Programming Guide (2e)
4. <http://duriansoftware.com/joe/An-intro-to-modern-OpenGL--Table-of-Contents.html>
5. <http://ogldev.atspace.co.uk/index.html>